



## Traces of the Gazi (The Great Leader) Atatürk Museum

*Don't Miss*

# Tile Works Museum (Karatay Madrasa)

Monument and Museum Together



### Tile Works Museum (Karatay Madrasa) Museum Visiting Hours

1 April-31 October

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00

**Box Office Closing:** 18.40

31 October-1 April

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00

**Box Office Closing:** 16.40

TurkishMuseums 
 officialturkishmuseums 
 TurkishMuseums 
 TurkishMuseums 
 TurkishMuseums

**Address** Ferhuniye Mahallesi, 42040 Selçuklu/Konya

Please visit the website for current information.



[www.muze.gov.tr](http://www.muze.gov.tr)



For your comments and suggestions





Karatay Madrasa was built in 1251 by Emir Celaleddin Karatay during the period of II. İzzettin Keykavus. Its architect is unknown. The madrasa, which was also used during the Ottoman period, was abandoned at the end of the 19th century. Karatay Madrasa, which has an important place in the tile artefacts of Anadolu Selcuklu Period, was opened to visit in 1955 as "Tile Artefacts Museum".



Through the door, first you enter a courtyard covered with a dome (now it is open) and from here you get to the madrasa through another door. The courtyard of the madrasa is covered with the dome with a bright lighthouse in the center and mosaic tiles. Versicles are written on the borders of the upper parts of the walls on the dome pulley and on the panels of the cell doors. Basmala and Ayat-el Kursi are located in the arch of the main house, which is tunnel vault to the west of the building. The triangles that are the gateway to the dome include the names of the Prophets Muhammad, Jesus, Moses and David, and the names of the four caliphs, Abu Bakr, Omar, Osman and Ali. Wall tiles, tile and glass plates from Kubad-Abad Palace excavation finds on the edge of Beyşehir Lake; tiles and ceramic plates from the Seljuk and Ottoman periods in Konya and its region; lamps and plaster finds are exhibited in the Karatay museum showcases.

