

Sivas Archeological Museum





Sivas Archeological Museum Visiting Hours

April 1 - C Monday 8.00 19.00	October 31 Tuesday 8.00 19.00	Wednesday 8.00 19.00	Thursday 8.00 19.00	Friday 8.00 19.00	Saturday 8.00 19.00	Sunday 8.00 19.00
October 3 Monday 8.00 17.00	81 - April 1 Tuesday 8.00 17.00	Wednesday 8.00 17.00	Thursday 8.00 17.00	Friday 8.00 17.00	Saturday 8.00 17.00	Sunday 8.00 17.00

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Address Yüceyurt Mah. Rahmi Günay Cad. Arkeoloji Müzesi/SİVAS

Please visit the website for current information.











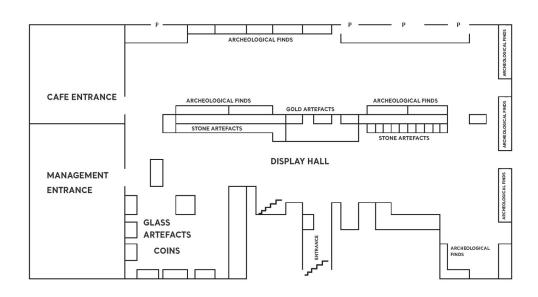
The Largest Museum of Central Anatolia: Sivas Archeology Museum







The rich and unique artefacts of civilizations, which constitute the cultural accumulation of thousands of years, are exhibited in Sivas Archaeology Museum. Sivas is one of the cities where the idea of museology was developed at the earliest and the first museum was established in 1923. Sivas Archaeology Museum (Registered Old Art School building) was built in 1896–1899 as the Industrial School. In 1911, the building which some additions were made and expanded as School of Art and Carpet, was opened as a Ironworking and Carpentry workshop. On 29 April 2009, the building, whose organization-exhibition works were completed, welcomed visitors as the Sivas Archaeology Museum.





Archaeological finds

The chronological exhibition layout was observed in the Archaeology Hall, which was organized as a single floor. Fossil remains belonging to various animals dating to the Late Miocene Period of 9 million years ago, archaeological artefacts from the Chalcolithic Age to the end of the Ottoman Period, terracotta potteries, daily use artefacts of different forms and features, metal and medical instruments, religious (ritual) vessels, Hittite tablets, cylinder seals, seals and impressions of seals, jewellery are exhibited. The sarcophagus of the woman and her baby dating from the Roman Period brought to our museum from the Kayalipinar Antique City and the unique Hittite seal ring made of pure gold share their uniqueness with its



Statue of Osman Gazi

The statue of Osman Gazi was built in 1916 in the Hafik District of Sivas by Muammer Bey, the Governor of the time. The building, which was demolished in 1936, was moved to Sivas Museum in 1943. The first monumental sculpture of the Ottoman period is waiting for you in Sivas Archaeology Museum.



Stone Artefacts

Hieroglyphic inscriptions from the Hittite Period, Hittite Goddess Relief (Orthostates), Lion Sculptures, Roman period sarcophagi, grave stelae, tombstones, inscriptions, sarcophagi and inscriptions of the historical buildings of Sivas are housed.



Coins and Glass Artefacts

Greek, Hellenistic, Roman, Byzantine and Central European coins, gold, silver coins of Islamic Period, Seljuk Period coins from Sivas, 279 silver coins of Ilkhanid Period and Sivas, Yıldızeli Bayat Village treasury and Roman, Byzantine Period bottles of fragrance and tears, daily use artefacts, unguentaria, amphoriskoi are waiting for visitors.