

Çorum Museum



Çorum Museum Visiting Hours

1 April-31 October

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
08.00 19.00	08.00 19.00	08.00 19.00	08.00 19.00	08.00 19.00	08.00 19.00	08.00 19.00

31 October-1 April

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
08.00 17.00	08.00 17.00	08.00 17.00	08.00 17.00	08.00 17.00	08.00 17.00	08.00 17.00

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8000 Years of Journey in the History of Civilization





Hieroglyphic Stele The Hittite Imperial Period (1450-1200 BC)

Opened in 1968, the Çorum Museum has been housing its exhibitions in its new building since 2003. In the registered museum building, archaeological and ethnographic display halls are available. In the archaeological Hall, chronological displays are made beginning with Chalcolithic age. This period is followed by the old Bronze Age, Hittite period, Phrygian period, Roman and Hellenistic period.

In addition to the Alacahoyuk Old Bronze Age Tomb, which is on display in its original form, a burial ceremony of the deceased is shown in a digital animation. An in the exhibition hall reserved for the Hittite architecture, a virtual tour in a Hittite chariot of the ruins of Hattusha, the Hittite capital, is also available.

Among the artefacts exhibited in the museum include a unique bronze sword decorated with cuneiform inscriptions, belonging to Tuthaliya II (1430 B.C) of the Hittite period, cuneiform tablets which were inscribed on the Unesco "World Memory list", clay seal printed bullae found in Archives in Bogazkoy-Hattusha and Ortaköy - Hatınuva excavations.

The exhibition of Hellenistic, Galat, Roman and Byzantine ceramic, glass and metal artefacts is followed by the Phrygian period finds unearthed in the Pazarli excavation. There is also a rich collection of Hellenistic, Roman provincial and official coins and Eastern Roman and Islamic period coins in the museum.

Çorum Museum Ethnography Hall is the section where the exhibitions of examples of Turkish art from the Seljuk and Ottoman periods to the present day are displayed. In this hall, three different display cases reflecting the crafts and culture associated with coppersmith, leblebi production, and Coffeehouses unique to Çorum are demonstrated with life-size models in accordance with rules and methods of contemporary museology.

English and Turkish voice guidance system is available to the visitors of the Museum for free.



Hüseyinde Vases (16th Century B.C.)

Huseyinde is 30 km away from Çorum and is the name of a hill 25 km south of the district of Yorulku on the borders of the district of Sungurlu. The distance to Bogazkoy is 44 km. Huseyinde is one of the Hittite settlements on the Old Road route from Hattusha to the North West. It was discovered by Prof. Dr. Tayfun Yildirim and Prof. Dr. Tunc Sipahi in 1997. The most important of the artefacts unearthed in archaeological excavations carried out with the scientific assistance of Ankara University under the guidance of the Directorate of Çorum Museum is the Huseyinde Vase.

It is one of the most important works of art depicting the ancient Hittite period. 86 cm. various cult scenes, Bull and human figures in relief are featured on the vase at its height. Also in various Hittite Eid ceremonies, the relationship of the storm god's sacred animal, the Bull Cult, is depicted in the vase.



Archaeology Hall

Resuloglu Cemetery and settlement located northwest of the village of Resuloğlu in the district of Ugurludag of the city of Çorum. A Cube tomb which sheds light on burial practices of the Hittites, the local people of the region before the Hittites came to Anatolia.



Ethnography Hall

In this section all ethnographic artefacts belonging to the Çorum region are exhibited.



Ethnography Hall

A model coppersmith shop in the department where sections from the old crafts and social life of the Çorum region are presented.